SAFETY DATA SHEET



EASY-OFF® Heavy Duty Oven Cleaner-Lemon Scent Trigger

1. Product and company identification

Product name

: EASY-OFF® Heavy Duty Oven Cleaner-Lemon Scent Trigger

Distributed by

: Reckitt Benckiser (Canada) Inc. 1680 Tech Avenue. Unit #2 Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9

CANADA

Telephone: +1 905 283 7000

Emergency telephone number (Medical)

: 1-800-338-6167

Emergency telephone number (Transport)

: 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC

Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887

Website: : http://www.rbnainfo.com

Product use : Oven Cleaner

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of **USDOL** Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

: 364199PSDS v5.0 SDS#

Formulation # : 1208-006B (364199 v5.0)

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Oven Cleaner Consumer use

2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



SDS#

Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: May be corrosive to metals.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Code # : FF364199

(364199PSDS)

: 364199PSDS v5.0 Date of issue : 09/06/2020

1/14

2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep only in original container. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: None known.

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

classified

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
sodium hydroxide Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether 2-aminoethanol	≤1-≤5 ≤1-≤5 ≤1-≤5	1310-73-2 112-34-5 141-43-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

metal oxide/oxides

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	
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sodium hydroxide

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether

2-aminoethanol

Exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

C: 2 ma/m³

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

CEIL: 2 mg/m3

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

CEIL: 2 mg/m³

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction and vapor

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 7.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15 mg/m3 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 8 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15 mg/m3 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 6 mg/m3 8 hours.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that evewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Opaque.]

Color : White.

Odor : Lemon-like. : Not available. **Odor threshold**

pH : 14

Melting point : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : 0.9621 to 1.1759

Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): 100 to 700 mPa·s (100 to 700 cP)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral		4500 mg/kg 1720 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1	-
				Percent	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400	-
				Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2	_
				Percent	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Diethylene glycol monobutyl	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	-
ether				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	20 milligrams	_

11. Toxicological information

2	2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	250	-
					Micrograms	
		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	505	-
					milligrams	

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Based on Calculation Method: Corrosive to the skin.Eyes: Based on Calculation Method: Corrosive to eyes.

Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

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Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Easy-Off Heavy Duty Surpuissant Oven Cleaner (Trigger) FF364199 (Canada)	42864.3	75789.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether 2-aminoethanol	4500 1720	2700 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Acute LC50 1300000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
2-aminoethanol		Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 170 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	1	-	low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide, 2-aminoethanol)	Corrosive liquids, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide, 2-aminoethanol)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide, 2-aminoethanol)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide, 2-aminoethanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8 CORROSAR	8	8
Packing group	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

DOT Classification

: Reportable quantity 20408.2 lbs / 9265.3 kg [2289.6 gal / 8667.3 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Limited quantity Yes.

Packaging instruction Exceptions: 154. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 30 L.

Special provisions B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27, T3

TDG Classification

Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8). **Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 1

Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 1

Special provisions 16

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-A, S-B

Special provisions 274

IATA : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 851.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 30 L. Packaging instructions: 855. Limited Quantities - Passenger

Aircraft: 0.5 L. Packaging instructions: Y840.

Special provisions A3

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code

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15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

Clean Air Act Section 112

: Listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : SKIN CORROSION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
sodium hydroxide	≤1-≤5	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	≤1-≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
2-aminoethanol	≤1-≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	3.5625
Supplier notification	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	3.5625

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYDROXIDE; ETHANOLAMINE;

2-AMINOETHANOL

New York : The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide

New Jersey : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYDROXIDE; CAUSTIC SODA;

GLYCOL ETHERS; ETHANOLAMINE; ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: SODIUM HYDROXIDE; ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-

California Prop. 65

15. Regulatory information

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

Label elements

CCCR

Signal word : DANGER
Hazard statements : CORROSIVE

CAUSES BURNS Corrosive to eyes and skin.

Precautionary measures : Keep out of reach of children. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow.

Do not inhale. Wear long rubber gloves.

To open, set bottle on hard level surface. Keep back label facing you. Use one hand to depress the button on the top of the nozzle while you turn the red portion of the nozzle in a counterclockwise direction with the other hand. Rotate nozzle counterclockwise to

achieve desired spray pattern.

Additional information / Recommendations

Additional information

: Contains Sodium Hydroxide. If Swallowed, Call a Poison Control Center of Physician Immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. If in eyes, rinse with water for 15 minutes. If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes. If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Date of issue : 09/06/2020 Date of previous issue : 01/06/2018

Version : 5.0

Prepared by : Reckitt Benckiser India Ltd

Plot No 48 Sector - 32 Institutional Area Gurgaon, Haryana India - 122001

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



RB is a member of the CSPA Product Care Product Stewardship Program.