

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Botanical Origin Laundry Detergent - Lavender



HEALTH • HYGIENE • HOME

## 1. Product and company identification

- Product name** : Botanical Origin Laundry Detergent - Lavender
- Distributed by** : Reckitt Benckiser LLC.  
Morris Corporate Center IV  
399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225)  
Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225  
+1 973 404 2600
- Emergency telephone number (Medical)** : 1-800-338-6167
- Emergency telephone number (Transport)** : 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC  
Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887
- Website:** : <http://www.rbnainfo.com>
- Product use** : Fabric Care Laundry Liquid  
Consumer use

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

- SDS #** : D8373880 v2.0
- Formulation #** : 3134231 v2.0

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Identified uses

Consumer use of washing and cleaning products

## 2. Hazards identification

- Classification of the substance or mixture** : EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



- Signal word** : Warning
- Hazard statements** : Causes serious eye irritation.

### Precautionary statements

**Code #** : FF3134231  
(D8373880) US

**SDS #** : D8373880 v2.0

**Date of issue** : 4/6/2020

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## 2. Hazards identification

- General** : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Prevention** : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.... if you feel unwell.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : Not applicable.
- Supplemental label elements** : None known.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	≥10 - ≤30	68439-50-9
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	≥5- ≤10	68891-38-3
Glycerol	≥5 - ≤10	56-81-5
Triethanolamine	>1 - ≤5	102-71-6
subtilisin	<0.1	9014-01-1
amylase, α-	≤0.1	9000-90-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

## 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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## 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
 carbon dioxide  
 carbon monoxide  
 nitrogen oxides  
 metal oxide/oxides

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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Glycerol	<p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p>TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</p>
Triethanolamine	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>
subtilisin	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b> C: 0.00006 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as 100% pure crystalline enzyme)</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 0.00006 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 60 minutes.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b> STEL: 0.00006 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 60 minutes.</p>

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Colorless to light yellow.

**Odor** : Floral

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : 8 to 9 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]

**Melting point** : Not available.

**Boiling point** : Not available.

**Flash point** : Not determined

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : Non-flammable.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not applicable. Non-flammable.

**Vapor pressure** : Not available.

**Vapor density** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1 to 1.1

**Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable. Complex mixture containing surfactants.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 500 to 1000 mPa·s (500 to 1000 cP)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
Glycerol	LD50 Oral	Rat	12600 mg/kg	-
Triethanolamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.39 g/kg	-
subtilisin	LD50 Oral	Rat	3700 mg/kg	-
amylase, α-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>7500 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Triethanolamine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 15 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse	-	50 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 560 milligrams	-
subtilisin	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	3 milligrams	-
Botanical Purple	Eyes - Irritant	In vitro	-	-	-
US_FF3134231_D8373880 (US) (Reference formulation)	Eyes - Irritant	In vitro	-	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	In vitro	-	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	In vitro	-	-	-

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Eyes** : Causes serious eye irritation. Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product. OECD 437, OECD 438.

**Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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# 11. Toxicological information

## Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Triethanolamine	-	3	-

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

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## 11. Toxicological information

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>General</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	1700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol	12600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Triethanolamine	7390	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Glycerol	Acute LC50 10000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	24 hours
	Acute LC50 5000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	24 hours
Triethanolamine	Acute EC50 609.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11800000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
subtilisin	Chronic NOEC 16000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Acute EC50 23.78 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
amylase, α-	Acute EC50 3865 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Glycerol	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	92 % - 30 days	-	-

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## 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Glycerol	-	-	Readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	0.3	-	low
Glycerol	-1.76	-	low
Triethanolamine	-1	<3.9	low
subtilisin	-3.1	-	low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information

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## 14. Transport information

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

## 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** :

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	≥10 - ≤30	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	>5 - ≤10	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Glycerol	>5 - <10	Not classified
Triethanolamine	>1 - ≤5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Amylase, α-Subtilisin	<0.1 <0.1	Respiratory sensitizer- Category 1 Skin Irritation Category 2A Eye damage Category 1 Respiratory sensitizer Category 1 STOT SE. Category 3

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: GLYCERINE MIST; TRIETHANOLAMINE

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: GLYCERIN; TRIETHANOLAMINE

### California Prop. 65

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## 15. Regulatory information

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### Label elements

#### CPSC

- Signal word** : WARNING  
**Hazard statements** : EYE IRRITANT.  
**Precautionary measures** : Keep out of the reach of children. DO NOT get in eyes. May be severely irritating to eyes. DO NOT ingest. Avoid contact with skin.

### Additional information / Recommendations

- Additional information** : Contains Surfactants and Enzymes.  
 Contains less than 0.1% phosphorus.  
**Recommendations** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Recommendations** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	2
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



NFPA (30B) aerosol Flammability Not applicable

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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## 16. Other information

<b>Key to abbreviations</b>	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
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<b>Date of previous issue</b>	: 04/02/2020
<b>Version</b>	: 2
<b>Prepared by</b>	: Reckitt Benckiser India Ltd Plot No 48 Sector - 32 Institutional Area Gurgaon, Haryana India - 122001

▣ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



RB is a member of the CSPA Product Care Product Stewardship Program.