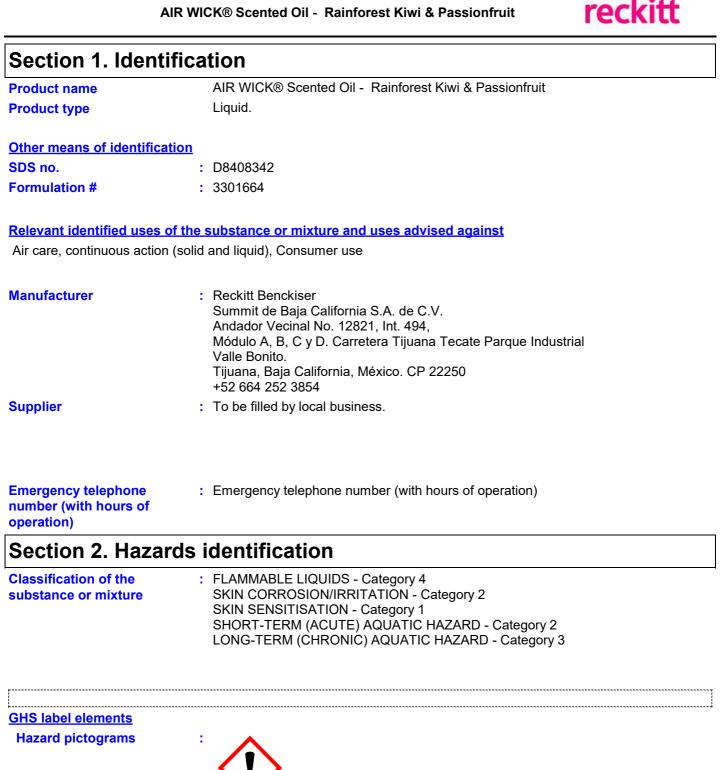
SAFETY DATA SHEET

AIR WICK® Scented Oil - Rainforest Kiwi & Passionfruit



Signal word : Warning : Combustible liquid. **Hazard statements** Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Date of issue/Date of revision 1/12 : 29/04/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version :1

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

General	: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable
EC number	: Mixture.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Propanol, [2-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)methylethoxy]-	≥10 - ≤25	25498-49-1
Linalool	<10	78-70-6
2-tert-Butylcyclohexyl acetate	≤10	88-41-5
d-Limonene	≤2.7	5989-27-5
4-Methyl-3-decen-5-ol	≤2.9	81782-77-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

most important symptoms/c	<u>s, acute and aciayed</u>		
Potential acute health effe			
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>i</u>		
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	No specific data.		
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: rritation ^r edness		
Ingestion	No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if larg quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	le	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resusci Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	itation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

	5
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash
		contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	t
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importar aspects of use.	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Date of issue/Date of revision		: 29/04/2024 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version	:1	6/12
Auto-ignition temperature	;	Not available.			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Not available.					
Solubility(ies)	:				
Density	:	0.9542 to 0.9642 g/cm³ [25°C (77°F)]			
Relative density	:	0.9542 to 0.9642			
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.			
Vapour pressure	:	0.026 kPa (0.195 mm Hg)			
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	1	Not available.			
Flammability		Not available.			
Evaporation rate	- 1	Not available.			
Flash point		Closed cup: 83°C (181.4°F)			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.			
рН	:	Not available.			
Odour threshold	:	Not available.			
Odour	1	Fragrant.			
Colour	:	Colourless.			
Physical state	1	Liquid.			

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Decomposition temperature	4	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.

Section 10. Stabil	y and reactivity	
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	ients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occu	ur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	weld,
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition produced should not be produced.	cts

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propanol, [2- (2-methoxymethylethoxy) methylethoxy]-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
Linalool	LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat Rat	5610 mg/kg 5610 mg/kg 2790 mg/kg	
2-tert-Butylcyclohexyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
d-Limonene	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	4600 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg 4400 mg/kg	

Conclusion/Summary :

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
Linalool	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	1 hours 0.1	-	
	,			MI		
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 32	-	
				%		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16	-	
				mg		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
				mg		

Section 11. Toxicological information

	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 100	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 100	-
d-Limonene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 10 %	-
4-Methyl-3-decen-5-ol	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	48 hours 0.1 %	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	10 %	-
Conclusion/Summary					
	: Causes skin irritation.				
	: Based on available data	a, the classificat	tion criteria a	ire not met.	
	: Based on available data	a, the classificat	tion criteria a	ire not met.	
<mark>Sensitisation</mark> Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: May cause an allergic s				
Respiratory	: Based on available data	a, the classificat	tion criteria a	re not met.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: Based on available data	a, the classificat	tion criteria a	ire not met.	
	Based on available data	a. the classificat	tion criteria a	ire not met.	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.		.,			
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	a, the classificat	tion criteria a	re not met.	
<u>Feratogenicity</u>		-,			
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	a the classificat	tion criteria a	ire not met	
Specific target organ toxic				a o not mot.	
Not available.	<u>Sty (Single exposure)</u>				
Specific target organ toxic	<u>city (repeated exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Aspiration hazard					
Aspiration hazard Name			Result		

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29/04/2024 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version : 1	8/12
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause a	an allergic skin reaction.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or criti	cal hazards.	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or criti	cal hazards.	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related	to the physical, che	emical and toxi	cological o	<u>characteristics</u>

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
FIL,AWICK,TROPIC LE US GROGU_FF3301664_D8408342_UN Propanol, [2-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)methylethoxy]	8755 3200	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
- Linalool 2-tert-Butylcyclohexyl acetate d-Limonene	2790 4600 4400	5610 N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Propanol, [2- (2-methoxymethylethoxy) methylethoxy]-	LC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Linalool	Acute EC50 36.7 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 28.8 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	48 hours 96 hours
d-Limonene	Acute EC50 421 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 688 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Acute: Toxic to aquatic life. Calcula	ation method, Chronic: Harmful to a	quatic life w

long lasting effects. Calculation method

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Linalool	-	62.4 % - Re	eadily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Linalool	-		-		Readily	1

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Propanol, [2- (2-methoxymethylethoxy) methylethoxy]-	0.309	-	low
Linalool d-Limonene	2.84 4.38	-	low high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

International lists

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision		: 29/04/2024 Date of previous issue	No previous validation Version : 1 11/12
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: All	components are listed or exempted.
China	1	Not determined.	
Canada	:	At least one component is not listed NDSL.	in DSL but all such components are listed in
Australia	1	All components are listed or exempted	ed.
National inventory			

Section 15. Regulatory information

Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 03/05/2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29/04/2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.