# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Air Wick Aerosol - Fresh Linen



## 1. Product and company identification

Product name	Air Wick Aerosol - Fresh Linen
Distributed by	: Reckitt Benckiser LLC. Morris Corporate Center IV 399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225) Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225 +1 973 404 2600
	Reckitt Benckiser (Canada) Inc. 1680 Tech Avenue, Unit #2 Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9 CANADA Telephone: +1 905 283 7000
Emergency telephone number (Medical)	: 1-800-338-6167
Emergency telephone number (Transport)	: 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887
Website:	: http://www.rbnainfo.com

#### Product use : Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

SDS #	: D0301278
Formulation #:	: #0299269_2

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

2. Hazards identification					
Classification of the substance or mixture	: GASES UND	ER PRESSURE - Co	ompressed gas		
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms					
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## 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Ethyl alcohol disodium tetraborate decahydrate	2.5 - 5 0.1 - 1	64-17-5 1303-96-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First aid measures

# Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

	eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>ots</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>itoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures			
Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

# 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control** 

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name			Exposure limits	
Ethyl alcohol			ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/19 TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013) TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	·
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	rols/personal protecti	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
disodium tetraborate decahydrate		TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 nours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction STEL: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should contaminants.	be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requireme cases, fume scrubbers, filters c	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection measu	ires			
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the l Appropriate techniques should Wash contaminated clothing be	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is ne gases or dusts. If contact is po	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling necessary. Considering the pa during use that the gloves are s noted that the time to breakthro glove manufacturers. In the ca protection time of the gloves ca	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Other skin protection	based on the task being perform	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	standard if a risk assessment ir	ng or air-fed respirator complying with an approved ndicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must b exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the sa espirator.		

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

## **Appearance**

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Not available.	
Odor	Not available.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
pH	Not available.	
•		
Melting point	Not available.	
Boiling point	>75°C (>167°F)	
Flash point	Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [flash point value based on ingredient data]	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Relative density	Not available.	
Solubility	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	Spray	
Heat of combustion	0.0000058 kJ/g	

# 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
: The product is stable.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
: No specific data.
: No specific data.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

## Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethyl alcohol disodium tetraborate decahydrate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 7 g/kg 2660 mg/kg	4 hours - -
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## **11. Toxicological information**

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethyl alcohol	-	1	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

# Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

# Potential acute health effectsEye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health effects				
Not available.				
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

## Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethyl alcohol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Ulva pertusa Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	4 days 96 hours 12 weeks
disodium tetraborate decahydrate	Acute EC50 1645 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

SDS #

## **12. Ecological information**

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethyl alcohol	-0.35	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1950	Aerosols	2.2	-	$\diamond$	Limited quantity
TDG Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.2	-	$\diamond$	Limited quantity
Mexico Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLES	2.2	-	$\diamond$	Limited quantity
IMDG Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.2	-	$\diamond$	Limited quantity
IATA-DGR Class	UN1950	Aerosols, non- flammable	2.2	-		See DG List

PG\* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information				
U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 7-hydroxycitronellal; 4-(4-hydroxy-4-methylpentyl)cyclohex-3- enecarbaldehyde; 2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde; 2-methylpropan-2-ol; α- hexylcinnamaldehyde</li> </ul>			
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined			
	Commerce control list precursor: 2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol			
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.			
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide			
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed			
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed			
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed			
SARA 302/304				

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

## SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

## SARA 311/312

Classification

: Sudden release of pressure

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure		Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Ethyl alcohol disodium tetraborate decahydrate	2.5 - 5 0.1 - 1	Yes. No.		No. No.	Yes. No.	Yes. Yes.

### State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL
<u>Label elements</u> Recommendations	: People suffering from perfume sensitivity should be cautious when using this product. Air Fresheners do not replace good hygiene practices.

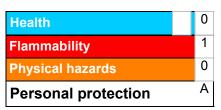
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## 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### NFPA (30B) aerosol Flammability Level 1

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
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## 16. Other information

**Prepared by** 

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**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



RB is a member of the CSPA Product Care Product Stewardship Program.