# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Air Wick Automatic Spray - Lush Honeysuckle & Raspberry



## 1. Product and company identification

	• •
Product name	: Air Wick Automatic Spray - Lush Honeysuckle & Raspberry
Distributed by	<ul> <li>Reckitt Benckiser LLC. Morris Corporate Center IV 399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225) Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225 +1 973 404 2600</li> <li>Reckitt Benckiser (Canada) Inc. 1680 Tech Avenue, Unit #2 Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9 CANADA Telephone: +1 905 283 7000</li> </ul>
Emergency telephone number (Medical) Emergency telephone number (Transport) Website:	<ul> <li>1-800-338-6167</li> <li>1-800-424-9300 (U.S. &amp; Canada) CHEMTREC Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887</li> <li>http://www.rbnainfo.com</li> </ul>

#### Product use : Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

SDS #	:	D8368780 V2.0
Formulation #	1	3108052 v2.0

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Air care products	
Consumer uses	

#### 2. Hazards identification **Classification of the** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 substance or mixture GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas **GHS** label elements **Hazard pictograms** ŝ Signal word : Danger **Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. **Precautionary statements** General : Not applicable. **Prevention** : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. : Not applicable. Response : Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures Storage exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. **Disposal** : Not applicable. Supplemental label : None known. elements Hazards not otherwise : None known. classified

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
butane	30 - 60	106-97-8
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	30 - 60	64742-47-8
propane	10 - 30	74-98-6
1,1-difluoroethane	10 - 30	75-37-6
Isobutane	1 - 5	75-28-5
d-Limonene	0.1 - 1	5989-27-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

2/15

## 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	t <mark>s</mark>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>oms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	: No specific data.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate me	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

## 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- <u> </u>	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

## 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
butane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
propane	<b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Code # : 3108052_D8368780_ SDS # : D8368780 V2.0 (NA)	0 Date of issue : 12/08/2021 5/15

D8368780 V2.0				
8. Exposure contro	Is/personal protection			
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b> TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Oxygen</b> <b>Depletion [Asphyxiant].</b>			
1,1-difluoroethane	<ul> <li>AIHA WEEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours.</li> <li>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours.</li> <li>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dust</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours.</li> </ul>			
Isobutane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.			
d-Limonene	AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018). TWA: 30 ppm 8 hours.			
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measure	<u>s</u>			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side- shields.			
Skin protection				

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	: <34°C (<93.2°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: <0°C (<32°F)
	Not available.
Evaporation rate	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.732 to 0.752
Density	: 0.732 to 0.752 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Code # : 3108052_D8368 (NA)	3780_ SDS # : D8368780 V2.0 Date of issue : 12/08/2021 7/15

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Heat of combustion

: 42.35 kJ/g

## **10. Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
d-Limonene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation		
d-Limonene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 %	-		
Conclusion/Summary	•			•	-		
Skin	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.						
Eyes	: Based on available dat	a, the classification	on criteria are	not met.			
Respiratory	: Based on available dat	a, the classification	on criteria are	not met.			
Sensitization Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary			., .				
Skin	: Based on available dat						
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.						
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available dat	a, the classification	on criteria are	not met.			
Carcinogenicity Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: Based on available dat	a, the classification	on criteria are	not met.			

## **11. Toxicological information**

	Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
	d-Limonene	-	3	-				
	Reproductive toxicity Not available.							
	Conclusion/Summary       : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.         Teratogenicity       Not available.							
	Conclusion/Summary :	Based on	available	data, the classification	criteria are not met.			
5	Specific target organ toxicity	(single exp	<u>oosure)</u>					
I	Not available.							
1	Specific target organ toxicity Not available. Aspiration hazard	(repeated (	<u>exposure)</u>					
	Name				Result			
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotre d-Limonene	eated light			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
	formation on the likely : utes of exposure	Not availa	able.					
Po	otential acute health effects							
E	Eye contact :	No knowr	n significan	t effects or critical haz	ards.			
h	nhalation :	No knowr	n significan	t effects or critical haz	ards.			
8	Skin contact :	No knowr	n significan	t effects or critical haz	ards.			
l	ngestion :	No knowr	n significan	t effects or critical haz	ards.			
S۱	mptoms related to the physi	cal, chemi	cal and to	kicological character	istics			
_				may include the follow				
l	nhalation :		symptoms i y tract irrita	may include the follow ation	ing:			

	oodgimig
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

# Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects

enects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	

## **11. Toxicological information**

 Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
butane	N/A	N/A	N/A	658	N/A
Isobutane	N/A	N/A	N/A	658	N/A
d-Limonene	4400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
d-Limonene	Acute EC50 421 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 688 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butane	2.89	-	low
propane	1.09	-	low
1,1-difluoroethane	1.13	-	low
Isobutane	2.8	-	low
d-Limonene	4.38	-	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

## **12. Ecological information**

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## 14. Transport information

	1			
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	111	Ш	Ш	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### Additional information

DOT Classification	: Limited quantity
TDG Classification	: Limited quantity
IMDG	: Limited quantity
ΙΑΤΑ	: See DG List

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted. Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: butane; propane; 1,1-difluoroethane; Isobutane	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed	
SARA 302/304		
Composition/information	<u>ingredients</u>	
No products were found.		
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicable.	
SARA 311/312		
Classification	FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	
Composition/information	<u>ingredients</u>	

Name	%	Classification
butane	30 - 60	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Distillates (petroleum),	30 - 60	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrotreated light		
propane	10 - 30	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
1,1-difluoroethane	10 - 30	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Isobutane	1 - 5	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl	1 - 5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
ether acetate		
d-Limonene	0.1 - 1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### **State regulations**

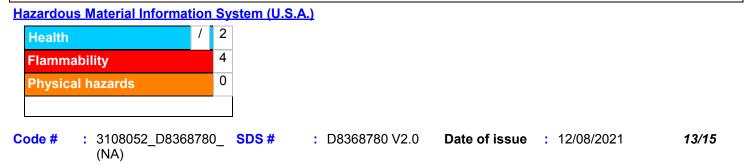
Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; DIFLUOROETHANE; ISOBUTANE</li> </ul>
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; 1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE; ETHANE, 1,1-DIFLUORO-; Isobutane; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	

## 15. Regulatory information

WARNING: This product can expose you to beta-Myrcene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name		No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
beta-Myrcene		-	-
abel elements			
<u>PSC</u>			
ignal word lazard statements Precautionary measures	in eyes. Avoid contact with skin. puncture or incinerate container. above 120F (49C). DO NOT pos open flames. DO NOT spray dire wipe immediately with damp clot		or body. DO NOT get HEATED. DO NOT at temperatures es. DO NOT spray into tact with surfaces, vay from sleeping
<u>CCR</u>			
Signal word lazard statements	: CAUTION : VERY FLAMMABLE. CONTENT IF HEATED. MAY IRRITATE EYES AND SKI		NER MAY EXPLODE
Precautionary measures	: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHIL DO NOT smoke. DO NOT punct clothing. Use only in a well-ventil		s, such as pilot light,
dditional information / Re	commendations		
dditional information	lenses and continue rinsing eyes attention. If on skin, wash with so	OMITING. IMMEDIATELY call a DIATELY rinse eyes with water. Ro r at least 15 minutes. If irritation p pap and water. Discontinue use IN velops. Contains petroleum solver	emove any contact persists, get medical IMEDIATELY and get
ecommendations	: NOTE TO PARENTS: Use only a concentrating and inhaling the co		deliberately
lecommendations	: People suffering from perfume se Air fresheners aerosol (aqueous, consumer use	ensitivity should be cautious when non aqueous, concentrated (mini	

## **16. Other information**



## 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### NFPA (30B) aerosol Flammability Level 3

Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	
Date of issue	: 12/08/2021	
Date of previous issue	: 30/09/2019	
Version	: 2	
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**Revision comments** : Due to change in Fragarance and VOC content.

✓Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. <u>Notice to reader</u>

## 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



RB is a member of the CSPA Product Care Product Stewardship Program.