Conforms to USDOL OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 HAZCOM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

AIR WICK® Scented Oil - Turquoise Oasis (Life Scents™) (Canada)

HEALTH • HYGIENE • HOME

1. Product and company identification

Product name : AIR WICK® Scented Oil - Turquoise Oasis (Life Scents™) (Canada)

Distributed by : Reckitt Benckiser LLC.
Morris Corporate Center IV
399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225)
Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225
+1 973 404 2600

Reckitt Benckiser (Canada) Inc.
1680 Tech Avenue, Unit #2
Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9
CANADA
Telephone: +1 905 283 7000

Emergency telephone number (Medical) : 1-800-338-6167

Emergency telephone number (Transport) : 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC
Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887

Website: : **http://www.rbnainfo.com**

Product use : Air care, continuous action (solid and liquid)

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

SDS # : D8278918 v2.0

Formulation #: : 8274064 v1.0

2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : CAUTION

Hazard statements : Combustible liquid.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

General : Keep out of reach of children and pets. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/ attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : None known.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Linalool	5 - 10	78-70-6
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	5 - 10	64742-47-8
Benzyl acetate	2.5 - 5	140-11-4
2-Isobutyl-4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol	2.5 - 5	63500-71-0
Tetrahydrolinalool	1 - 2.5	78-69-3
1,4-Dimethoxy-2-tert-butylbenzene	1 - 2.5	21112-37-8
Vanillin	1 - 2.5	121-33-5
delta-3-Carene	1 - 2.5	13466-78-9
dl-Limonene (racemic)	0.1 - 1	138-86-3
d-Limonene	0.1 - 1	5989-27-5
Coumarin	0.1 - 1	91-64-5
Eugenol	0.1 - 1	97-53-0
alpha-iso-Methylionone	0.1 - 1	127-51-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO_2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin.** TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Benzyl acetate	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).** TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 61 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Vanillin	**AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).** TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
delta-3-Carene	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Skin sensitizer.** TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
dl-Limonene (racemic)	**AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).**

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 30 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Colourless - Pale Yellow

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point : Closed cup: 73°C (163.4°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Linalool	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5610 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	5610 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2790 mg/kg	-
Benzyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2490 mg/kg	-
Tetrahydrolinalool	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Vanillin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1580 mg/kg	-
delta-3-Carene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4800 mg/kg	-
dl-Limonene (racemic)	LD50 Oral	Rat	5300 mg/kg	-
d-Limonene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-
Coumarin	LD50 Oral	Rat	293 mg/kg	-
Eugenol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1930 mg/kg	-
alpha-iso-Methylionone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-

11. Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Linalool	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	1 hours 0.1 Mililiters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 32 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
Benzyl acetate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
Tetrahydrolinalool	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
dl-Limonene (racemic)	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
d-Limonene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 Percent	-
Eugenol	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	48 hours 50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on Calculation method: Causes eye irritation.

Eyes : Based on Calculation method: Causes skin irritation.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : May produce an allergic reaction.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Benzyl acetate	-	3	-
d-Limonene	-	3	-
Coumarin	-	3	-
Eugenol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
delta-3-Carene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
dl-Limonene (racemic)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
d-Limonene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

11. Toxicological information

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	18467.7 mg/kg

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Linalool	Acute EC50 36.7 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 28.8 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Benzyl acetate	Acute LC50 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 920 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes - Larvae	28 days
Vanillin	Acute LC50 57000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
dl-Limonene (racemic)	Acute EC50 28.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 20.2 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute IC50 13.798 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours

12. Ecological information

		subcapitata	
d-Limonene	Acute EC50 421 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 688 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours
Coumarin	Acute LC50 13500 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 56000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Poecilia reticulata	48 hours 96 hours
Eugenol	Acute LC50 24000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Linalool	-	62.4 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Linalool	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Linalool	2.84	-	low
Benzyl acetate	1.96	8	low
2-Isobutyl-4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol	1.65	-	low
Tetrahydrolinalool	3.3	99.87	low
Vanillin	1.21	-	low
delta-3-Carene	4.38	1521	high
dl-Limonene (racemic)	4.57	-	high
d-Limonene	4.38	-	high
Coumarin	1.39	-	low
Eugenol	2.27	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

13. Disposal considerations

Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not Regulated.	Not applicable.	Not available.	-		-
TDG Classification	Not Regulated.	Not applicable.	Not available.	-		-
Mexico Classification	Not Regulated.	Not applicable.	Not available.	-		-
IMDG Class	Not Regulated.	Not applicable.	Not available.	-		-
IATA-DGR Class	Not Regulated.	Not applicable.	Not available.	-		-

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) PAIR**: isopentyl acetate; vanillin; anisaldehyde; piperonal; α-methylcinnamaldehyde; cinnamaldehyde; phenylacetaldehyde

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: isopentyl acetate

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard
Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Linalool	5 - 10	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Benzyl acetate	2.5 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-Isobutyl-4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol	2.5 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Tetrahydrolinalool	1 - 2.5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
1,4-Dimethoxy-2-tert-butylbenzene	1 - 2.5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Vanillin	1 - 2.5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
delta-3-Carene	1 - 2.5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
dl-Limonene (racemic)	0.1 - 1	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
d-Limonene	0.1 - 1	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Coumarin	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Eugenol	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
alpha-iso-Methylionone	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: BENZYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, PHENYLMETHYL ESTER

Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Hydrotreated light distillate; Terpenes (all isomers)

CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory : Not determined.

15. Regulatory information

Label elements

Signal word : CAUTION

Hazard statements : Combustible liquid. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Precautionary measures : Keep out of reach of children and pets. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Additional information : If in eyes, immediately rinse eyes with water. Remove any contact lenses if present and continue rinsing for 15 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention. If on skin, rinse well with water. If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Recommendations : People suffering from perfume sensitivity should be cautious when using this product. Air Fresheners do not replace good hygiene practices.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	*	2
Flammability		2
Physical hazards		0
Personal protection		B

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



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16. Other information

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

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Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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