SAFETY DATA SHEET

AIR WICK AUTOMATIC SPRAY - APPLE CINNAMON MEDLEY



1. Product and company identification

Product name : AIR WICK AUTOMATIC SPRAY - APPLE CINNAMON MEDLEY Distributed by : Reckitt Benckiser LLC. Morris Corporate Center IV 399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225) Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225 +1 973 404 2600 Reckitt Benckiser (Canada) Inc. 1680 Tech Avenue, Unit #2 Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9 CANADA Telephone: +1 905 283 7000 Emergency telephone number (Medical) : 1-800-338-6167 Emergency telephone number (Transport) : 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887		
Morris Corporate Center IV 399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225) Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225 +1 973 404 2600 Reckitt Benckiser (Canada) Inc. 1680 Tech Avenue, Unit #2 Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9 CANADA Telephone: +1 905 283 7000 Emergency telephone : 1-800-338-6167 number (Medical) Emergency telephone : 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC	Product name	: AIR WICK AUTOMATIC SPRAY - APPLE CINNAMON MEDLEY
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number (Medical) Emergency telephone : 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC		1680 Tech Avenue, Unit #2 Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9 CANADA
		: 1-800-338-6167
	Emergency telephone number (Transport)	: 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887
Website: : http://www.rbnainfo.com	Website:	: http://www.rbnainfo.com

Product use : Air care, continuous action (solid and liquid)

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

SDS #	: D8368645 v2.0
Formulation #	: 3108047 v2.0

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
AirCare Product Consumer Use	

2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

GHS label elements

2. Hazards identification

2

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
Precautionary statements		
General	lot applicable.	
Prevention	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. moking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.	. No
Response	lot applicable.	
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.	es
Disposal	lot applicable.	
Supplemental label elements	None known.	
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.	

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture			
Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
butane Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light propane 1,1-difluoroethane Isobutane	30 - 60 30 - 60 10 - 30 10 - 30 1 - 5	106-97-8 64742-47-8 74-98-6 75-37-6 75-28-5	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire,

4. First aid measures

	symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	ymptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
	: No specific data.

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media None known. media

5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental

the environment if released in large quantities.

pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

6. Accidental release measures

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
butane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
propane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
1,1-difluoroethane	AIHA WEEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
ode # : 3108047_D8368645_NASDS # :	D8368645 v2.0 Date of issue : 23/04/2020 5/14

D8368645 V2.0				
8. Exposure cont	rols/personal protection			
Isobutane	TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dust OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.			
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor			
controls	or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.			
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.			

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: <0°C (<32°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray

10. Stability and reactivity

: 42.35 kJ/g

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Heat of combustion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
Isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11. Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** Skin

Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eyes	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Sensitization	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
ects
: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name		Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
		N/A N/A	658 658	N/A N/A

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

12. Ecological information Product/ingredient name BCF **Potential** LogPow 2.89 low butane 1.09 propane low 1.13 1,1-difluoroethane low Isobutane 2.8 low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.		
coefficient (Koc)			

Other adverse effects : No known significant e

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional Information

DOT Classification	: Limited quantity.
TDG Classification	: Limited quantity.
IMDG	: Limited quantity.
IATA	: See DG List.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

- •			
J.S. Federal regulations			tory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted. VA) 311: 2-furaldehyde
		lean Air Act (CAA) ,1-difluoroethane; Is	112 regulated flammable substances : butane; propane; obutane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: N	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: N	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: N	ot listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: N	ot listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: N	ot listed	
SARA 302/304			
Composition/information	on ing	gredients	
No products were found.			
SARA 304 RQ	: N	ot applicable.	
<u>SARA 311/312</u>			
Classification		AMMABLE AEROS	DLS - Category 1 SSURE - Compressed gas
Composition/information	on ing	gredients	
Name		%	Classification
butane		30 - 60	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		30 - 60	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

nydrotreated light		
propane	10 - 30	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
1,1-difluoroethane	10 - 30	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Isobutane	1 - 5	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; DIFLUOROETHANE; ISOBUTANE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; 1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE; ETHANE, 1,1-DIFLUORO-; Isobutane; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-
Pennsylvania <u>California Prop. 65</u>	: The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-

15. Regulatory information

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

Ingredient name			No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Safrole			Yes.	-
Label elements CPSC				
Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary measures	:	CAUTION EYE IRRITANT CONTENTS UNDER PRES KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Ma allergic reaction in some individuals. DO NO in eyes. Avoid contact with skin. CONTAINE puncture or incinerate container. DO NOT e above 120F (49C). DO NOT position near h open flames. DO NOT spray directly onto s wipe immediately with damp cloth. Use in w areas. For adult use only. Product is not a tr and fragrance.	ay be harmful if directly DT spray towards face of ER MAY EXPLODE IF expose to heat or store heat or electrical source urfaces. In case of con rell ventilated rooms aw	or body. DO NOT get HEATED. DO NOT at temperatures es. DO NOT spray into tact with surfaces, vay from sleeping
CCCR				
Signal word Hazard statements	:	CAUTION VERY FLAMMABLE CONTENTS UNDER I IF HEATED MAY IRRITATE EYES AND SKIN.	PRESSURE CONTAIN	ER MAY EXPLODE
Precautionary measures	:	 KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS. DO NOT smoke. DO NOT puncture. DO NOT burn. DO NOT get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from flames, such as pilot light, and any other object that sparks, such as electric motor. Store away from heat. 		
Additional information / Re	con	nmendations		
Additional information	:	If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING Control Center. If in eyes, IMMEDIATELY ri lenses and continue rinsing eyes r at least 1 attention. If on skin, wash with soap and wa medical attention if a reaction develops. Con fragrance oils.	nse eyes with water. Ro 5 minutes. If irritation p ter. Discontinue use IN	emove any contact persists, get medical IMEDIATELY and get
Recommendations	:	NOTE TO PARENTS: Use only as directed concentrating and inhaling the contents can		deliberately
Recommendations	:	People suffering from perfume sensitivity sh Air fresheners aerosol (aqueous, non aqueo consumer use		

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



NFPA (30B) aerosol Flammability Level 3

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
Date of issue	: 23/04/2020
Date of previous issue	: 01/10/2019
Version	: 2
Prepared by	: Reckitt Benckiser India Ltd Plot No 48 Sector - 32 Institutional Area Gurgaon, Haryana India - 122001

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Notice to reader

16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



RB is a member of the CSPA Product Care Product Stewardship Program.