1. Product and company identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>VEET® NATURAL INSPIRATIONS™ Hair Removal Cream - Normal &amp; Dry Skin</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distributed by</td>
<td>Reckitt Benckiser LLC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Morris Corporate Center IV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+1 973 404 2600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reckitt Benckiser (Canada) Inc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1680 Tech Avenue, Unit #2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CANADA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Telephone: +1 905 283 7000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emergency telephone number (Medical)</th>
<th>1-800-338-6167</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emergency telephone number (Transport)</td>
<td>1-800-424-9300 (U.S. &amp; Canada) CHEMTREC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website:</td>
<td><a href="http://www.rbnainfo.com">http://www.rbnainfo.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Product use: To remove unwanted body hair.

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

SDS #: D8130048 v2.0

Formulation #: (8085196 v1.0) Pure Base Cream Sensitive
               (8085197 v1.0) Pure In Shower Sensitive
               (8085198 v1.0) Pure In Shower Normal/Dry

UPC Code / Sizes: 150 ml tube
2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Warning
Hazard statements: Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements
General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention: Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage: Not applicable.
Disposal: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements: None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified: None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urea</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
<td>57-13-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>calcium dihydroxide</td>
<td>2.5 - 5</td>
<td>1305-62-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thioglycolic acid</td>
<td>2.5 - 5</td>
<td>68-11-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
<td>1310-58-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
<td>68439-49-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures
Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
4. First aid measures

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Inhalation: No specific data.

Skin contact: No specific data.

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- Carbon dioxide
- Carbon monoxide
- Nitrogen oxides
- Sulfur oxides
- Metal oxide/oxides

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control**

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urea</td>
<td>AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>calcium dihydroxide</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 3.8 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 4 mg/m³ 10 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thioglycolic acid</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 3.8 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 4 mg/m³ 10 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). C: 2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid. [Viscous]
Color: White.

Odor: Characteristic.
Odor threshold: Not available.

pH: 12.2 to 12.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Melting point: Not available.
Boiling point: Not available.
Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)
Evaporation rate: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not available.
Vapor pressure: Not available.
Vapor density: Not available.

Date of issue: 26/02/2016.

Code #: FF8085196, FF8085197, FF8085198 (D8130048) US CAN
SDS #: D8130048 v2.0
9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density : 1.04 to 1.1 g/cm³ [20°C]
Solubility : Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Decomposition temperature : Not available.
Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): 70000 to 130000 mPa·s (70000 to 130000 cP)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability : The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid : No specific data.
Incompatible materials : Do not use with other products.
Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urea</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>8471 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>calcium dihydroxide</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>7340 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thioglycolic acid</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>210 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lithium hydroxide</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>114 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>273 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated</td>
<td>LDLo Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>1260 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urea</td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>72 hours 22 milligrams Intermittent</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>calcium dihydroxide</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20 Percent</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc, containing asbestiform fibres</td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 1 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 50 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated</td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 50 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated</td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 50 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Code #: FF8085196_FF8085197_FF8085198 | SDS #: D8130048 v2.0 | Date of issue: 26/02/2016.
### 11. Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Lower Limit</th>
<th>Upper Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 microliters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>24 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>300 Micrograms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Veet Facial Cream</em></td>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin**: Non-irritant to skin. *Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

**Sensitization**: Not available.

**Mutagenicity**: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity**: Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**: Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**: Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**: Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**: Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Effect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eye contact</strong></td>
<td>Causes serious eye irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inhalation</strong></td>
<td>Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin contact</strong></td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ingestion</strong></td>
<td>Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eye contact</strong></td>
<td>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inhalation</strong></td>
<td>No specific data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin contact</strong></td>
<td>No specific data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ingestion</strong></td>
<td>No specific data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Long term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**
Not available.

**General**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>2818.4 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urea</td>
<td>Acute EC50 6573.1 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 3910000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>calcium dihydroxide</td>
<td>Acute LC50 5000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Colisa fasciata - Fingerling</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 2 g/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis</td>
<td>30 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 33884.4 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Clarias gariepinus - Fingerling</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thioglycolic acid</td>
<td>Acute LC50 30000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>Acute LC50 80 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**
Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Code #**: FF8085196, FF8085197, FF8085198  **SDS #**: D8130048 v2.0  **Date of issue**: 26/02/2016.
12. Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urea</td>
<td>-1.73</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thioglycolic acid</td>
<td>-2.99</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>OW</sub>): Not available.

**Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

Not a DOT controlled material (United States). Not a TDG-controlled material. This preparation is not classified as dangerous according to international transport regulations (ADR/RID, IMDG or ICAO/IATA).

15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations**:

- **TSCA 8(a) PAIR**: 4-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)cyclohex-3-ene-1-carbaldehyde; 2-benzylideneheptanal; 2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde; anisaldehyde
- **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined
- **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: Not determined.
- **Clean Water Act (CWA) 311**: potassium hydroxide

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances**: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances**: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)**: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)**: Not listed

**SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients**:

- Code #: FF8085196, FF8085197, FF8085198
- SDS #: D8130048 v2.0
- Date of issue: 26/02/2016
- Date of issue: 10/13
15. Regulatory information

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.
SARA 311/312 Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urea</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>calcium dihydroxide</td>
<td>2.5 - 5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thioglycolic acid</td>
<td>2.5 - 5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: THIOGLYCOLIC ACID; POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE; SOAPSTONE; CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; GLYCERINE MIST
New York : The following components are listed: Potassium hydroxide
New Jersey : The following components are listed: THIOGLYCOLIC ACID; ACETIC ACID, MERCAPTO-; POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE; CAUSTIC POTASH; MINERAL OIL (UNTREATED and MILDLY TREATED); SOAPSTONE; CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; HYDRATED LIME; GLYCERIN; 1,2,3-PROPANETRIOL; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO2)
Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID, MERCAPTO-; POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (K(OH)); SOAPSTONE DUST; CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (CA(OH)2); 1,2,3-PROPANETRIOL; TITANIUM DIOXIDE (TiO2)

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class E: Corrosive material

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: White mineral oil
CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.
Canada inventory : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

Label elements

Precautionary measures : For external use only
Avoid contact with eyes.
Keep out of reach of children.
16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Prepared by: Reckitt Benckiser LLC.
Product Safety Department
1 Philips Parkway
Montvale, New Jersey 07646-1810 USA.
FAX: 201-476-7770

Key to abbreviations:
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
UN = United Nations

Date of issue: 26/02/2016.
Date of previous issue: 26/02/2016.
Version: 2

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1 Philips Parkway
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16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

CSPA
Product Care

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